# **Operating Systems**

Tutorial 2 & 16

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Calendar Week 4



#### Outline

- Review
- Mounting
- **Disk Space Allocation**
- File System Implementation
- File System Recovery
- File System Cache



Review

- Allowing groups in ACLs generally makes the ACLs smaller in size
- When using sequential access for a file a write overwrites the bytes on the current position
- VFS is a very fast file system designed for high definition video streaming servers



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Review

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Mounting

## Describe the effect of mounting a file system



# An XFS containing a file /foo/bar is mounted as /mnt/extras in an ext3 file system

Depict the resulting name space and describe the resolution for /mnt/etras/foo/bar/baz



Review

#### How does contiguous allocation work?

Pros and cons of this approach



#### How does linked allocation work?

What is the major problem?



What is the basic idea of a file allocation table (FAT)?



#### How does indexed allocation work?



How can indexed allocation be modified to allow for very large files without increasing the index block size?



#### What is the maximum file size?

Disk Block 8KB

Block Address 4 Bytes

Inode

- 12 references to direct blocks
- 1 reference to a single, double and triple indirect block



- File name
- Name of containing directory
- File size
- File type
- Number of symbolic links to the file
- Name/location of the symbolic links to the file
- Number of hard links to the file
- Name/location of the hard links to the file
- Access rights
- Timestamps (last accessed, last modified)
- File contents
- Ordered list of blocks occupied by the file

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Ordered list of blocks occupied by the file

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# Which of the following is typically stored in an inode?

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Ordered list of blocks occupied by the file

4 D > 4 전 > 4 분 >

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4 D > 4 B > 4 E >

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#### How can directories be implemented?

What information is stored in them?



#### What are hard links?



# What are symbolic links?



## How do you create the following links on GNU/Linux?

A hard link  ${\tt h}$  to file  ${\tt f}$  and a symbolic link  ${\tt s}$  to the same file



# What happens if you rename f to g?

Is the file still accessible via the links?



Would the same be true if you had copied f to g and then removed f?



What happens if you now create a new file f?



## What is the benefit of symbolic links?



#### Your bitmap or list of free blocks has been corrupted

How to recover from this situation?



# What is the basic idea of a file system cache in memory?



Pros and cons of a fixed limit between file system cache and main memory area used for paging



#### Some systems offer read ahead

Discuss pros and cons



#### The End



